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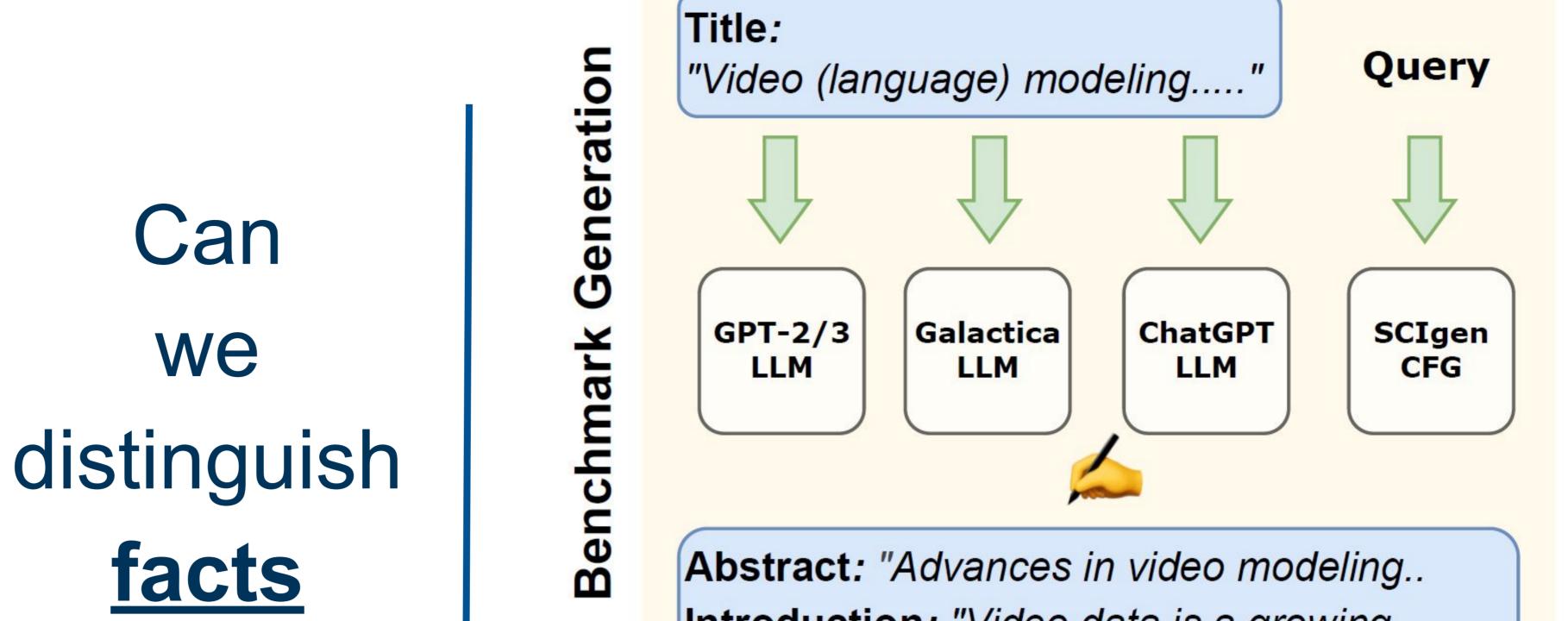
A Benchmark Dataset for Identifying Machine-Generated Scientific Papers in the LLM Era.



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Contributions

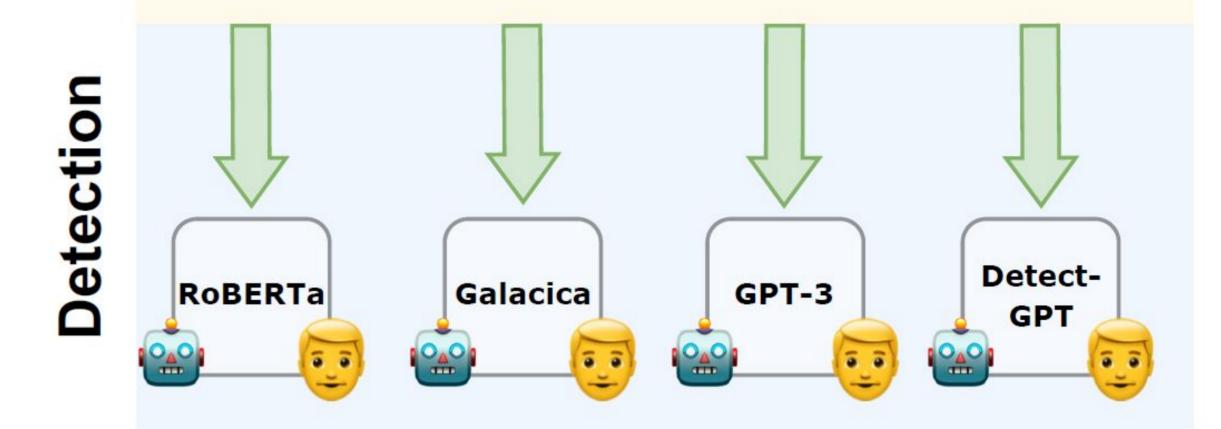
- Benchmark dataset comprising real (human-written) and fake (machine-generated) scientific documents. Each contains an abstract, introduction, and conclusion.
- Evaluation of four different classifiers to determine the authorship (real or fake) of the documentst.

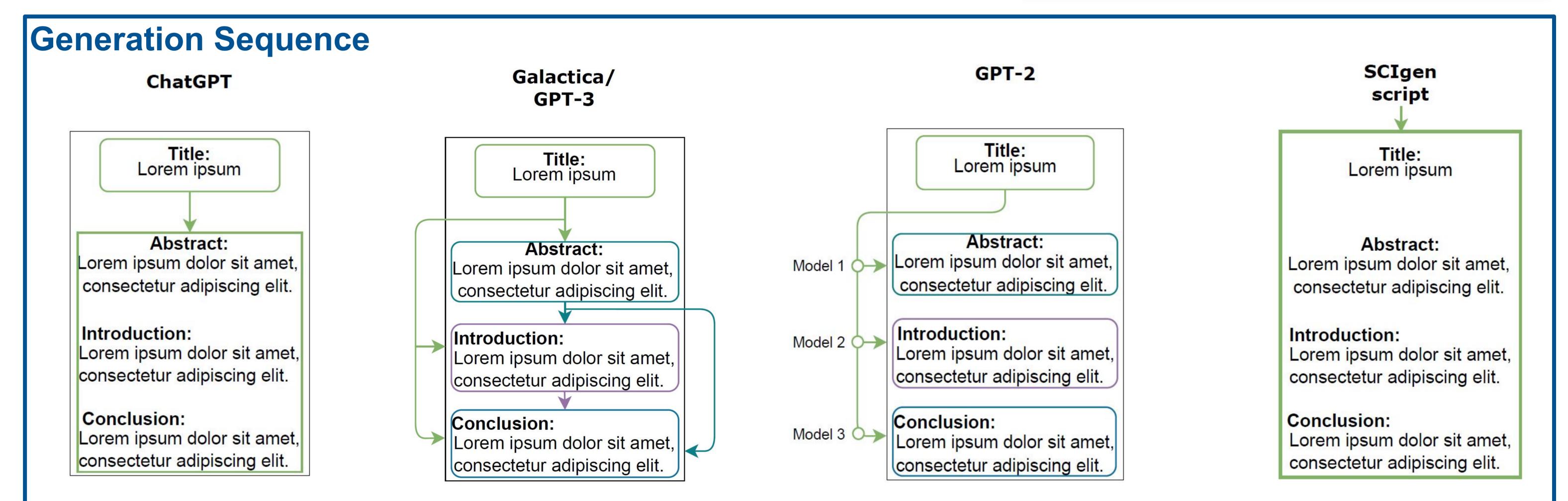


 Analysis and expla of classifiers' generalization abilities by evaluating their performance on both in-domain and out-of-domain settings.



Introduction: "Video data is a growing... Conclusion: "In our work, we tested the ..."





Overview of the Datase

Source	Quantity	Tokens
arXiv parsing 1 (real)	12k	13.40M
arXiv parsing 2 (real)	4k	3.20M
SCIgen (fake)	3k	1.80M
GPT-2 (fake)	3k	2.90M
Galactica (fake)	3k	2.00M
ChatGPT (fake)	3k	1.20M
GPT-3 (fake)	1k	0.50M
Total real (extraction)	16k	16.60M

Experimental Results

Indicates out-of-domain experiments

Model	Train Dataset	TEST	OOD-GPT3	OOD-REAL	TECG
GPT-3 (our)	TRAIN-SUB	99.96%	25.9%	99.07%	100%
Galactica (our)	TRAIN	98.3%	24.6%	95.8%	83%
Galactica (our)	TRAIN+GPT3	98.5%	70%	92.1%	87.2%
Galactica (our)	TRAIN-CG	95%	11.1%	96.9%	42%
RoBERTa (our)	TRAIN	86%	23%	76%	100%
RoBERTa (our)	TRAIN+GPT3	68%	100%	36%	63%
RoBERTa (our)	TRAIN-CG	75%	32%	58%	88%
DetectGPT		61.5%	0%	99.92%	68.7%

13k	8.40M
29k	25M
	13k 29k







Takeaways

 Detection baselines can be really good, but sometimes struggle with out-of-domain data.

 No good open-source detectors available to test against. Future research should include more paper sections. • Human-Machine hybrids are also a must for future research.